

## Sample Topics

### PRUDENCE CRANDALL,

PRINCIPAL OF THE CANTERBURY, (CONN.) FEMALE BOARDING SCHOOL.

RETURNS her most sincere thanks to those who have patronized her School, and would give information that on the first Monday of April next, her School will be opened for the reception of young Ladies and little Misses of color. The branches taught are as follows:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, History, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Drawing and Painting, Music on the Piano, together with the French language.

The terms, including board, washing, and tuition, are \$25 per quarter, one half paid in advance.

Books and Stationary will be furnished on the most reasonable terms.

For information respecting the School, reference may be made to the following gentlemen, viz.—

ARTHUR TAPPAN, Esq.	} N. YORK CITY.
Rev. PETER WILLIAMS,	
Rev. THEODORE RAYMOND	
Rev. THEODORE WRIGHT,	
Rev. SAMUEL C. CORNISH,	
Rev. GEORGE JOURNE,	} PHILADELPHIA.
Rev. Mr HAYBORN,	
Mr JAMES FORTEN,	} PHILADELPHIA.
Mr JOSEPH CASSEY,	
Rev. S. J. MAY,—BROOKLYN, CT.	} BOSTON, MASS.
Rev. Mr BEMAN,—MIDDLETOWN, CT.	
Rev. S. S. JOCELYN,—NEW-HAVEN, CT.	} BOSTON, MASS.
Wm. LLOYD GARRISON	
ARNOLD BUFFUM,	
GEORGE BENSON,—PROVIDENCE, R. I.	

Canterbury, Ct. Feb. 25, 1833.

LIBERATOR: CRANDALL'S. Courtesy of Rhode Island Historical Society

Prudence Crandall's advertisement in 'The Liberator,' 1833, announcing the opening of her school in Canterbury, Connecticut, to 'young Ladies and little Misses of color' and offering the names of leading abolitionists as references

## SAMPLE TOPICS

- John Brown's Revolt Against Slavery
- The U.S. Constitution: Reform or Counter-Revolution?
- Dorothea Dix and the Asylum Movement
- Simon Bolivar and Latin American Independence
- The Coercive or Intolerable Acts: Britain's Reaction to the Boston Tea Party
- The Women's Christian Temperance Union (WCTU) and Alcohol in America
- From Franklin Delano Roosevelt (FDR) to Nixon: The Revolution of Presidential Press Coverage
- The Copernican Revolution: Copernicus, Galileo, and Kepler
- Television: A Cultural Revolution
- The Boxer Rebellion: China's Fight Against Foreign Powers
- The Glorious Revolution and Britain's Bill of Rights
- The Edict of Nantes: A New Approach to Religious Dissent
- Jose Marti and Cuba's War of Independence
- The Black Panthers: Reforming Student Lunch Programs
- Canals and Railroads: The 19<sup>th</sup> Century Reforms in Transportation
- Bismarck's Reforms in Germany
- Classical Music: Reaction to the Baroque Era
- Confucius and Civil Service Reform in China
- Emilio Aguinaldo and the Philippine Uprising
- Jonas Savimbi: Angolan Revolutionary
- The Wesley Brothers and Methodist Reforms of the Church of England
- Hawks and Doves: American Reaction to the Vietnam War
- The Airplane: Revolution in Warfare
- Sit-ins and Freedom Rides: Reformers in Action
- Martin Luther and the Protestant Reformation
- The Reforms of Sosthenes
- William Wallace: Rebel Against English Oppression
- The Model T: Henry Ford Revolutionizes the Auto Industry
- King Phillip's War: Reaction to Puritan Expansion
- The "Red Scare": American Reaction to Communism
- Germ Theory: Revolution in Medicine
- Vatican II: The Modern Reformation of the Catholic Church
- Pablo Picasso: Revolution in Art
- "Hush, Hush": Reaction to Henrik Ibsen's *A Doll's House*
- Virginia Woolf and the Birth of Modern Feminism
- Curt Flood and Free Agency in Baseball